## VEER SURENDRA SAI UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY, BURLA

2<sup>nd</sup> Semester B.Tech Mid-Semester Examination: 2016

## Sub: Mathematics-II (All Branches)

Full Marks: 20

Time: 02.00 Hours

Answer any Four questions including question no. 1 which is compulsory.

1 Answer the following questions.

- (i) What do you mean by the singular solution of a differential equation? Give an example.
- (ii) Find the Wronskian of two solutions of the differential equation y'' 2y' + y = 0.
- (iii) Find the characteristic equation of Euler-Cauchy differential equation.
- (iv) Find the radius of convergence of the power series  $\sum_{m=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^m}{k^m} x^{2m}$
- (v) Find the power series solution of y' = -2xy.

2 Solve the following differential equations:

(a) 
$$2xyy' + (x-1)y^2 = x^2e^x$$

(b) 
$$(2\cos y + 4x^2)dx = x\sin ydy$$
.

3 Solve:

(a) 
$$y'' + (1 + y^{-1})y'^2 = 0$$
.

(b) 
$$8y'' - 6y' + y = 6\cos hx$$
.

- 4 (a) Use the method of undetermined coefficients to solve:  $3y'' + 10y' + 3y = 9x + 5\cos x$ .
  - (b) Solve the following differential equation by converting it to a system

$$y''' + 2y'' - y' - 2y = 0.$$

5 Solve:

(a) 
$$x^3y''' - 3x^2y'' + 6xy' - 6y = x^4 \ln x$$

(a) 
$$x^2y^2 - 5x^2y^2 + 5y^2$$
  
(b)  $(D^2 - 25)y = 0; y(-2) = y(2) = \cos h 10.$ 

6 Find the power series solution of the following differential equations:

(a) 
$$(1-x^2)y'' - 2xy' + 2y = 0$$

(b) 
$$xy' - 3y = k \ (k = constant)$$

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